৩৩ | বেশ্ববাশ নেই বা

नर्सून्-रुट-शुम्बाङ्-त्रभुत्य-प्रदेन्वाङ्केतः-त्र्य-प्रदेन्वान्त्र-त्यक्ष्य-प्रदेवान्त्र-त्यक्ष-प्रवेवान्त्य-प्रवेवान्त्र-त्यक्ष-प्रवेवान्त्य-प्रवेवान

यह्र्यत्रात्र्यं वक्षण्यक्र्याः भुद्धेराचरुष्यः वक्षण्याच्यस्य विषयः

A PRAISE to THE EXALTED

A Praise, together with supplication, beseeching the compassion of the exalted Avalokiteśvara (Chenrezig), the physical manifestation of the compassion of all Victors (Buddhas), entitled, "Showering Rains of Help and Happiness"

Composed by

His Holiness the Seventh Dalai Lama, Gyalwa Kalsang Gyatso (1708-1757)

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इ.ज्ञेन्-छ्-क्ष्रेश्वयाष्ट्र-प्रदेश्वयाष्ट्र-प्रविश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-प्रदेश-प्रविश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-प्रच्चतः स्व-द्वपः स्व-इत्याप्त-द्वपः प्रदेश-विश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयाष्ट्र-याच्चितः स्व-द्वपः स्व-त्वपः स्व-त्वपः प्रविश्वयाष्ट्र-विश्वयः स्व-त्वपः प्रविश्वयः स्व-त्वयः प्रविश्वयः स्व-ति

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च-२४. तवायाची ट्राचट-तयाचे च्राच्याची प्रत्याच्याची प्रत्याची प

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য়्रःलटा चेट्या त्यूर्या ॥

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A Praise to The Exalted

(Lama-Deity, at Your lotus feet, I bow!)

Namo Ārya Lokeśvaraya!

Deep as ocean is the compassion of the Victors (Buddhas) of the ten directions,

Equal to particles of the infinite realms, who are passionate and *ever compassionate* of the wandering beings.

From that [ocean] You were born, renowned as, "Eyes Looking [with Compassion]" (*Avalokita, Chenrezig*), all attributes spontaneously complete;

O Protector, worthy of devotion by us all, [towering] like a jewel mountain, I bow to You! (1)

At the hub of a stainless fresh lotus, upon a moon fully augmented,

You stand with Your two pure feet poised alike,

as a lotus stem straight,

And like a full-moon, brightly illuminating the worldly realms.

The moment when beheld, You remove torments of heart and increase happiness. (2)

Cool as a touch of snow is You and yet the hordes

of malicious beings are burnt;

All [things] are beyond attributes of [inherent] characteristics, yet all *mandalas* of elaborations (emanations) appear;

Gone beyond mundane existence is You, and yet always You take birth in the three mundane realms;

Like illusion are Your deeds, the intelligent ones become amazed! (3)

When the fortunate people always devote to You,

One akin to [fullmoon] in the sky of autumn night, shinning in all, [they] become grounds of sorrow devoid.

[they] become grounds of softow devoid.

You are the sun ablaze, expelling away the darkness of mind of all mundane worlds,

And the moon soothing the mind of hatred, remover of torments. (4)

Beautiful is Your face shown, like a lotus fully blossomed,

Fair as a stainless conch and crystal, Your physique is beautiful to behold;

Amidst inconceivable clouds of extensive offerings, and performing liberating deeds of illusory plays,

You [stand] magnificently amongst countless entourage of Those Gone to Bliss (Buddhas),

Victor Scions (*Bodhisattvas*), assembly of wrathful ones, and others. (5)

ત્ર**નપનુપાવરો**) A Praise to The Exalted

All who by fears of fire, rivers, bad events, ruler's [sentence], so forth, And fallen into states of extreme helplessness, and tormented by hundreds of sufferings,

May You, by Your rays of moon washed, lift them as ewes led in rows, And place them in the supreme bliss with celestial splendour endowed. (6)

Your fragrant plaited hair tied at head's zenith fully blends with sky light, And the enlightened body of Victor Chief Boundless Light (*Amitābha*) beautifully adorns Your head as the lineage crown;

The right hand in granting the supreme boon, there flows from its tip drops of white nectar,

An ever flow of radiant pearls, eliminating torments of all Mentally Anguished (*Pretas*); (7)

The left hand leaning on hip, with a pleasant pure body in splendid pose, Bowed at by the arrogant The Neat, The Supremo, and others, and so You are the Chief over all worlds.

Adorned well by seals of wheel, lotus, arrow, bow and so on, And endowed with a thousand hands and eyes, You perfectly show the noble eleven faces. (8)

At times You appear as the Navigator of malicious $n\bar{a}g\bar{a}$ -serpent, The Lion's Roar, And during other, as The Meaningful Lasso ($Amoghap\bar{a}\acute{s}a$), The Blue Necked and others, thus displaying numerous emanations.

Sometimes as the king of the fierce, The Horse Headed, The Dark Well-Endowed, and so on.

You emit wrathful [emanations] filling the three realms, and yet Your mind does not waver from compassion. (9)

Vast and limitless is the mundane [realm] extending to sky's reach; This being so, equal to the number of sentient beings, You emit fully That many emanations. Yet even a tip of body hair "I will move" does not occur; Like rainfall from rain-clouds, there is no conceptual thought. (10)

Words that in any way do not become service to the wandering beings are fully eschewed by You;

To each suitable to their mentality, not against, You show the Dharma-path, In melodies more [numerous] than the particles in ocean. Into whoever's ears Your teachings (speech) enter, they abide well by the Words. (11)

Like a delightful youth's song against multi-stringed [violin] of *Gandharvas*, [Your teachings] suit the mind and yet the entire object-wishes of the lustful are vanquished.

Like a thunder pervading the sky, You lead [wandering beings] to the profound, And yet that itself removes even the label "suffering" also of those frightened of fear. (12)

ત્ર**નપનુપાવરો**! A Praise to The Exalted

To perfectly liberate those of the Cycle (*Samsāra*) from their ever-shifting births, You pronounce afore the Wheel of Teachings full in all aspects, honest and high [in sound], And certain of complete with the melodious teachings of Victors of the three times; You are thus renowned as The Sublime Teacher of all worlds, leading them to the sublime. (13)

Even the people dear to self, swayed by the power of anger, attempt To kill [themselves], but You always think of the wandering beings as Your only child,

Eschewing since long ago the thought of the slightest of harm [to others]; And so, even the compassion of someone like I towards myself is not even a fragment of the compassion within Your mind. (14)

Cool as soaked by water of camphor, sandalwood, ushir and others, Your peaceful gaze never closes and Your eyes ever foster the six species, Yet Your thought of conceptual elaboration of experiential sight subsided into Reality Sphere

Is ever in embrace by the supreme bliss, and unmoving—I prostrate! (15)

In the Hot Torment Realms, beings are burnt by flames from all sides, And frightened by *strong beings* with mouth agape and fierce red eyes all around; Some are cooked like grains amidst ablaze molten copper—may You pour forth there rains of soothing nectar,

And rescue by touch of warmth those endangered by the chill cracking open flesh and bone. (16)

The Mentally Anguished, with mountain-like stomach, blocked throat, limbs thin as subtle veins,

Withered body, covered by ash, sparks falling from joints rubbing, Rivers drying up when looked at, are ever exhausted and tormented by hunger; May You pour forth on them nectar-rain of food and clothing. (17)

The animals—craving for want of mere mouthful of food, mind not their dear life

For that minor happiness, and [ignorant of] discerning any taking-up and giving-up,

Of unpleasant shapes and hues—are of utter worse opportunities; May You [help] them attain quickly virtuous mindfulness and a life sustained by happiness. (18)

Even that splendour of the king of the *clean*-species celestials, living in mansions of dazzling jewels,

Being impermanent, declines, and in Avichi fire even bones and marrows become ablaze;

And the celestial youths whose bed-mats are smooth when touched, playing by the pleasant gardens,

ત્ર**૧૫૧૫નો)**! A Praise to The Exalted

[Eventually] drink salty [molten flows] and are dragged on the ground by sharp iron-thorns. (19)

The high too, not long after become servile, are trodden by feet; This health too, declines in a moment, like a flower at autumn's end.

This wealth too, certainly will be forsaken by time, like fondness at reflection ornaments;

My life too, appears here merely for a moment, like a lightening flashing. (20)

In "beyond-here" of this life the things acquainted earlier become distanced, Alone in pitch darkness one wanders, and so in the fearful Cycle The guile of *afflictive thoughts* fully deceives at core [the sentient beings]; May You, by Your hands of compassion, lift us from this ocean of sufferings! (21)

In this realm surrounded by snowy mountains the teaching system of The Able One (*Buddha Shakyamuni*) does exist,

But most Dharma-practitioners are devoid of morality clothing, naked, shame forsaken,

And approaching the lay, imitating them, and engaging in deeds defamed by the sublime beings.

Alas! the sunrays of the sublime Dharma are close to set into mountain crevice! (22)

The powerful ones actively pursue self-interests, argue amongst themselves, and hurt the low:

The lowly are always burdened, and have difficulty even finding a meagre food;

If, O Exalted One, You are indifferent to such unbearable aspects of the degenerate [time],

What is to become of [Your] vow of past, and to whom should the subjects (ordinary beings) turn for Refuge? (23)

Even Your name is blessed that whoever hears it will have fears subsided:

Guided by The Sage's words of truth, "Deeds of devotion to countless Buddhas are equalled in results by mere retention of Your name",

If we supplicate to You by hope, O Protector, by not giving up [on Your vow], Kindly rescue the destitute sentient beings! (24)

May all people reverently devote to The Three Rare Supreme,

And by belief in actions and their results, always enter Dharma path.

By unfathomable [varieties] of peaceful and wrathful emanations suiting varied dispositions and [meritorious] opportune,

May You place in bliss the dear [sentient beings] fallen in this frightening place of mundane existence! (25)

ત્રગપગુપાવરો) A Praise to The Exalted

I too, who revere You greatly, may have stainless intelligence discerning *the suchness*,

Sadness at the mundane, moved by compassion, be diligent at others' welfare in many [future] lives,

And having gained the perfection of defeating all *māra* [negative forces], Maintain for a long time the modes of the pure and joyful Dharma and foster the wandering beings! (26)

Of low intelligence am I, but by upward flow of my [virtuous thoughts resembling] an ocean of milk,

Erupted here are white bubbles of immensely beautiful garland of praise and request-wail!

Whoever even reads or hears, reflects upon, or recollects this, may their impurities of negativities get erased,

And may they be cared for by the supreme Victor, Avalokiteshvara, in the Potala [Pure-]Realm! (27)

Colophon

This *Praise*, together with supplication, beseeching the compassion of the exalted Avalokiteshvara, the physical manifestion of the compassion of all Victors (Buddhas), entitled, "*Showering Rains of Help and Happiness*", is composed by [His Holiness the Seventh Dalai Lama], Shakya Bhikkshu Dharma-speaker [Gyalwa] Losang Kalsang Gyatso (1708-1757).

Having received the transmission blessing of *The Praise* from His Holiness the Fourteenth Dalai Lama, at a public teaching, at Drepung Monastic University (Mundgod, India), in 1984, this *Praise* was translated into English, by Upāsaka Laylung Dhawa Dhondup (Acharya), in Sydney, on August 6, 2013, to fulfil recent request-queries for an English translation of *The Praise*, by fellow compatriots from Kollegal (India) and Brisbane (Australia). A phonetic reading in English of *The Praise* is also presented herewith to benefit those who cannot read Tibetan.

Translation Notes

The beautiful verses, laden with a feeling of fervent beseeching, by His Holiness the Seventh Dalai Lama, and the numerous poetical alternates (synonyms) and other rich compositional styles employed in the original Tibetan, cannot be replicated in the English. The translation here has attempted to mainly bring intact, as much as possible, the contents of *The Praise*.

In the absence of access at hand to a *Collected Works* of the Author, the Tibetan text used for the translation was from *A Compilation of Dharma-Practices Recitations*, GSWFA, Sarnath,1984. For a comparative manuscripts cross-check, the text consulted was from *A Compilation of Uncommon Dharma-Practice Recitations of Sermey Monastic University*, Sermey Library, Vol.2, 1997.

- For ease of reading, these Sanskrit words are written, in the text and in Colophon, in non-technical plain transliteration: Avalokiteśvara; Avīci; Bhikṣu; Śākyamuni.
- The notes below are limited to serve as an immediate clarification to remove possible ambiguity in the translation, and not as a commentary. To avoid disrupting the flow in reciting of *The Praise*, notes numbering is not used in the text.
- Verse 6; "Fears" refer to major external harms and calamities. The inner fears are ordinary mind's afflictive mental states, such as, anger, hatred, attachment, ignorance, etc.
- Verse 8; The Neat (Brahmā); The Supremo (Indra).
- *Verse 9;* The Navigator of $n\bar{a}g\bar{a}$ -serpent, The Lion's Roar (*Simhanādā*), The Meaningful Lasso (*Amoghapāśa*), The Blue Necked (Nīlagrīva); The Horse Headed (Horse Neck; Hayagrīva), The Dark Well-Endowed (an epithet of Māhakāla)—all are various manifestations of *Avalokiteśvara*.
- Verse 15; *Ushir (ushira)* is a Himalayan orchid.
- Verse 19; molten fluids, or as mentioned in *Lamrim Nectar Essence*, when describing the sufferings in the hot torment realms, the beings there suffer as well from having to drink molten copper, etc.
- Like, when referring to His Holiness the Dalai Lama, a senior Thai teacher in Chiangmai says, "He is the Supreme!", where an adjective is left hanging but in a very apt admiration, here "The Exalted" is retained in the title of *The Praise*.



A Praise to The Exalted

Tibetan phonetic reading

Reading Guide

Phonetic-reading transliteration here is an approximate guide. The nasals \mathbf{ny} and \mathbf{ng} are read as a single-syllable sounds, as in, \mathbf{ny} i-ma, \mathbf{ng} a-yi. In some instances the words ending with \mathbf{dh} suffix are shown in English with \mathbf{d} ending, as in chod (pronounced as "choe", or with a soft d "chod").

Na-mo ar-ya lo-kesh-va-ra-ya!

Chog-chui gyal-wa rab-jam zhing-gi dhul-dhang nyam-pa dhe-dhag-gi dro-la chak-pai kun-tu chak-pai nying-jey gya-tso ta-bur-zab dhe-lae trung-pai yon-tan lhun-zog chen-re-zig-zhey nam-drak-pa gon-po dhag-chak kun-gyi tan-wod rin-chen ri-dra dhe-la-dhue (1)

dri-mey chu-kye sar-pai ue-su sil-zer gang-wai kyil-khor-teng pad-mai dhab-tar nam-par dhak-pai zhab-nyi nyam-pai tsul-zhuk-te jig-ten dhak-na dha-wa nya-dra kun-tu lham-mer sal-wa-khyoe thong-wae mod-la nying-gi dhung-sel kun-nae ga-wa gyae-par-zae (2)

kha-wae rek-pa ta-bur sil-yang dhue-kyi dhe-nam lhak-par-sek tha-dhak tsan-mai choe-lae dhae-kyang troe-pa dhu-mai kyil-khor-nang si-lae gael-yang si-pa sum-dhu kye-wa tak-tu ton-zae-pai gyu-ma ji-zhin khyoe-kyi choe-la lo-dhang dhan-nam ngo-tsar-gyur (3)

nam-pa kun-gyi je-su zhuk-pa ton-tsan nam-khai kyil-khor-te kal-dhan kyae-woe tak-tu ten-pey kyo-mae sa-zhi nyi-dhu-gyur jig-ten yong-kyi ti-muk mun-pa thar-zae nyi-ma bhar-wa-dhang zhae-dhang yi-sek dhung-wa sel-wai ri-bong tsan-ma zin-pa-chan (4)

pun-da ri-ka rab-tu zhae-pai zhal-gyi kyil-khor zae-ton-ching dri-mae dhung-dhang chu-shel tar-kar ta-na dhuk-pai lang-tso-chan sam-ye choe-trin gyae-pai ue-na drol-zae gyu-mai tse-jo-dhang dhe-shek gyal-sae tro-woi pung-sok drang-mae khor-gyi ue-na-ji (5)

mae-dhang chu-lung kal-pa ngan-dhang gyal-poi jig-pa la-sok-pa shin-tu nyam-thak nae-su lhung-wai dhuk-ngal gya-yi tse-pa-kun khyoe-kyi wo-zer dha-wa tue-drai lu-gu gyue-kyi nyer-drang-nae lha-yi pel-dhang rab-tu dhan-pai dhe-wa chok-la ngon-par-jar (6)

dri-zhim len-bu chi-wor ching-pa nam-khai woe-dhang rab-drel-la gyal-wai wang-po wo-pak mae-ku rik-kyi chod-pan u-la zae chak-yae chok-jin tse-mo le-bab dhue-tsi kar-poi thik-pa-ni mu-tik woe-chak tak-tu lhung-wae yi-dhak kun-gyi dhung-wa-jom (7)

त्र नाय नाय में हो। व्यवस्थित व्यवस्थित विकास

A Praise to The Exalted - Tibetan phonetic reading

chak-yon ta-zur ngoe-la ten-pai gying-bak yi-wong tsang-mai-ku tsang-wang la-sok drek-dhen dhue-pae khyoe-ni jig-ten kun-wang-chuk khor-lo pad-ma dha-dhang zhu-yi chak-gya sog-kyi rab-pa-wai tong-trak chak-dhang chen-tong chu-chik zhal-zang yang-dhak-ton (8)

la-lar dhuk-chan lu-yi dhe-pon seng-gai dra-dhang zhan-dhu-ni dhon-yoe zhak-dhang drin-ngon la-sok nam-pa dhu-mai cho-trul-gyae re-ga gek-jom tro-gyal ta-drin lek-dhan nak-poi tsul-la-sok drak-shul sa-sum geng-pa ton-yang thuk-ni tse-lae yo-mi-nga (9)

nam-khai lam-gyi je-su song-wai jig-ten gya-chen tha-ma-chi dhe-ta mod-kyi sem-chan drang-tsung khyoe-kyi trul-pa dhe-nyae-chik rab-tu tro-yang ba-pui tse-tsam yoe-nyam gyi-pa ma-yin-te char-trin lae-ni chu-char zhin-dhu bab-pai tok-pa nga-ma-lak (10)

nam-pa gar-yang dro-wai dhon-dhu mi-gyur tsik-ni yong-su-pang rang-rang lo-dhang je-su thun-pai gael-mae yang-kyi yan-lak-ni gya-tsoi dhul-gyi drang-le dhe-pai choe-lam nye-war ton-zae-pa khyoe-sung su-yi na-war lhung-yang ka-la yang-dhak nae-par-gyur (11)

dri-zai gyue-mang dra-dhang thap-pai yi-yong na-chung lu-ta-bu yi-dhu thae-kyang chak-dhan nam-kyi yul-gyi dhoe-pa ma-lue-jom nam-kha khyab-pai druk-dra ji-zhin zab-mor jin-yang dhe-yi-mod jig-pae trak-pa dhe-dhak gi-yang dhuk-ngal ming-gi lhak-mar-zae (12)

khor-wa pa-nam tak-tu yo-wai kye-wa yang-dhak drol-le-dhu nam-pa kun-dhan sang-thor drok-pai choe-kyi khor-lo ngon-dro-wa dhue-sum tok-pai gyal-wa kun-gyi sung-yang ngae-pa rab-zok-pae la-mae jor-wai wang-chuk khyoe-ni jig-ten kun-gyi la-mar-drak (13)

kye-wo gang-dhak rang-dhuk nyi-kyang re-ga tro-wai wang-gyur-te soe-par tsam-mod khyoe-kyi dro-nam bu-dhang dra-war tak-gong-nae noe-gyur cha-tsam thuk-kyi gong-pa ring-mo zhik-ne tang-wae-na dhag-dra rang-la tse-wa dhe-kyang khyoe-thuk nying-jei char-mi-phod (14)

ga-bur tsan-dhan u-shir la-sok chap-kyi bang-pa tar-sil-wai zhi-wai zik-tang nam-yang mi-zum rik-druk chen-re tsa-mod-kyi nyong-nang troe-pa choe-kyi ying-su nye-war zhi-wai gong-pa-ni dhe-wa chok-gi tak-tu tue-zhin yo-wa mae-la chak-tsal-lo (15)

chok-kun bar-wai mae-che sek-ching kha-dhang mik-tsa mar-troe-pai shae-mae khor-yuk kun-nae jig-kyoe la-la zang-zhun bar-wai-troe dru-tar tsoe-pai tsa-nyal nae-su dhu-tsi' char-gyi sil-wa-dhang sha-rue gae-je drang-wae nyen-nam dro-wai rek-pae kyob-tu-sol (16)

to-wa ri-tsung drin-pa gak-ching yen-lak tsa-tren zhin-dhu-tra lue-kam thel-wae rab-yok lhu-tsik thab-lae mae-yi tsa-tsa-bab chu-lung dhak-kyang te-pa tsam-gyi kem-gyur tak-tu ngal-wa-dhang tre-pae dhung-wai yi-dhak nam-la zae-goe dhue-tsi'char-pa-tsol (17)

त्रन्यव्यावस्ती। त्रवीक्षितार्वेवा

A Praise to The Exalted - Tibetan phonetic reading

zae-kham tsam-gyi dhoe-la sae-pae tra-moi dhe-wa dhe-yi-lae chae-pai sok-kyang yel-war dhor-gyi lang-dhor ga-yang kab-mi-chae yib-dhang kha-dhok mi-dhuk la-ten shin-tu kal-men dhue-dro-nam nyur-dhu gae-wai dren-pa thob-ching dhe-wae tso-wa tsal-dhu-sol (18)

nor-bu bar-wai zhal-mae la-ten tsang-pai gyal-poi pel-dhe-yang mi-tak nyam-nae nar-mae mae-nang ru-pa kang-yang bar-gyur-zhing rek-na dhe-wai mel-ten jam-dhang yi-wong kyae-tsel ngok-tse-wai lha-bu nyi-kyang gyur-jae thung-zhing chak-kyi tser-non thang-la-drae (19)

tho-wa nyi-kyang mi-ring dhue-su kang-pae nuen-woe dren-dhu-gyur lang-tso dhi-yang yue-kyi nyam-gyur ton-thai mae-tok ji-ta-bu jor-pa dhi-yang dhu-kyi dhor-ngae nyen-poi gyan-la ga-nyam-zhin dhak-gi tse-yang lok-wod gyue-zhin kae-chik tsam-zhik dhir-nang-te (20)

jig-ten dhi-yi pha-rol zhe-ja ngar-dri ngo-po thak-sing-wai mun-troe tuk-por dhak-nyi chik-pu nam-par khyam-gyur dhe-yi' lae jig-rung khor-war nyon-mong gyu-yi nying-la ngon-par lue-gyur-pa dhak-chak dhuk-ngal gya-tso dhi-nae thuk-jei chak-gi drang-dhu-sol (21)

gang-chen ri-yi kor-wai zhing-dhir thub-pai tan-sol nae-mod-kyi choe-jae phel-cher tsul-trim goe-drel cher-bur ngo-tsa pang-nae-ni khyim-pa nam-la nyen-ching ngor-ta dham-pae mae-pai lae-la-juk kye-ma dham-choe nyi-mai wo-zer ri-woi trak-tu nub-la-nyae (22)

tob-dhang dhan-nam rang-dhoe lhur-len phen-tsun tsoe-ching ma-la-tse maen-pa nam-ni tak-tu khol-zhing gyi-nai zae-kyang nye-par-ka mi-zae nyik-mai ngang-tsul dhi-drar phak-pae tang-nyom zae-lak-na ngon-gi thuk-dham dhe-yi chi-tsal bang-nam su-zhik kyab-la-ten (23)

khyoe-kyi tsen-yang jin-gyi lab-te gang-thoe jig-pa zhi-wa-dhang sang-gyae drang-mae nyen-pai lae-dhang khyoe-tsen zin-tsam dre-tsung-zhe drang-song dhen-pai tsig-gi ten-zhin dhak-chak re-wae sol-dheb-na gon-po zhan-dhu yel-wai thuk-pang nyam-thak sem-chan kyob-tu-sol (24)

kye-wo tham-chae kon-chok sum-po gue-pae nye-war ten-pa-dhang lae-dhang dre-bui nae-la dhe-pae tak-tu choe-kyi lam-dhu-juk na-tsok kham-dhang kal-war tsam-pai zhi-tro'cho-trul pak-mae-kyi si-pa nyam-ngai nae-dhir lhung-wai nyen-nam dhe-la jor-dhu-sol (25)

rab-gue dhang-kyang dhe-nyi jae-pai lo-droe dri-ma mae-pa-dhang si-la kyo-dhang nying-je zhan-dhon kye-wa dhu-mar choe-la-tson dhue-dhe tha-dhak pham-par jei-pai thu-chen pha-rol chin-thob-te nam-dhak ga-dhan choe-kyi tsul-dhang dro-wa dhue-ring kyong-gyur-chik (26)

lo-droe maen-yang kho-woi yi-kyi wo-tso gyen-dhu chur-wai-thue tod-ching mae-wai treng-wa rab-zae u-wa kar-po goe-pa-dhi lok-gam thoe-sam dren-pa dhe-yang dhik-pai dri-ma nam-dhak-ching dru-zin zhing-dhu gyal-wa chok-rab chen-re zig-kyi je-zung-shok (27)

ट्योत्॥॥

त्रीयः स्वास्त्राच्याः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्याः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्याः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्राचः स्वास्त्र

At the queries and requests for an English translation of *The Praise to The Exalted*, by compatriots from Dhondhenling Tibetan Settlement (India) and Brisbane (Australia), and to benefit youths not versed in Tibetan, this English translation, along with Tibetan phonetic-reading in English, was prepared on August 6, 2013. Preceded by motive-setting and supplications, these were completed the same day. To make it a complete work, and as an auspicious karmic-link that our compatriots not versed in Tibetan may get to become literate in the language, the original Tibetan text is also presented herewith.

Even by the minute merits from the effort here, may His Holiness the Dalai Lama, the sublime Teacher to all humans—including the celestials—kindly live for hundreds of aeons, for the benefit of us wandering beings! Through the mutually beneficial non-violent approach, may the plight of Tibet prevail, and may beings everywhere enjoy the splendour of happiness. Dedicated by translator, Upāsaka Laylung Dhawa Dhondup (Acharya). May all be virtuous!

